

NINE WOMEN KILLED Party of Sleigh Riders Meet With a Terrible Accident HIT BY AN ENGINE AT A CROSSING

Ladies' Aid Society of the Universalist Church of Hornellsville, N. Y., has a disastrous return from an outing in three sleighs—Driver of the second sleigh could not stop in time, and the occupants were hurled in all directions.

Hornellsville, N. Y., Special.—A passenger train on the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad Wednesday night crashed into a sleigh containing thirteen women and killed seven outright and so seriously injured the remaining six that two of them died after being removed to the hospital. Of the other four, two are in a serious condition. The accident occurred near Arkport. The sleigh was one of three carrying a party from the Universalist church, of this city. The dead—Mrs. Mary Gillette, Mrs. Charles Thomas, Mrs. Eugene Shaw, Mrs. J. C. Hallett, Mrs. C. C. Graves, Mrs. Bert Moore, Mrs. Coates, Mrs. Fred Green, Mrs. Ruth Patten. The injured—Mrs. J. Houghton, Mrs. F. R. Rowley, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Wallace Clark.

Members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Universalist church went to a farm house near Arkport to spend the afternoon. It was nearly dark when they started on the return trip to the city. The occupants of the leading sleigh saw the train approaching as they neared the Shawmut crossing. The driver urged his horses ahead, and the sleigh passed over the tracks in safety. The women in the first sleigh then attempted to warn those in the one following of the danger, and they did succeed in directing their attention to the rapidly approaching train. The driver pulled up his horses, but he could not check the heavy bob sleigh quickly enough when it came to a standstill in the box of the sleigh was directly across the railroad track. The pilot of the engine struck the sleigh with great force, reducing it to splinters and hurling the women in all directions. Every woman in the sleigh was killed or injured.

The other members of the party hurried back to the assistance of their unfortunate companions, and the train was stopped and backed up to the crossing.

The bodies of the dead were placed upon the train and the injured were laid upon improvised cots in the baggage car. The train then proceeded to Hornellsville, where the accident had been telephoned to the city and hundreds of friends and relatives of the unfortunate women were waiting at the station. The dead were at once taken to the morgue and the injured were placed in ambulances and taken to the local hospital.

Ellisha Quick, driver of the second sleigh, was badly hurt. He said he tried to stop the sleigh, but could not control the horse.

Emperor Contributes \$25,000.

Favorable results are expected to follow the audience given by Emperor Nicholas at Tsarskoe Selo to 92 workmen representing the leading industrial establishments of St. Petersburg. In addition to paternal admonitions bestowed upon the workmen, \$25,000 has been given by the Emperor, Empress and Dowager Empress for the relief of the families of those who were killed or badly wounded in the affair of January 22. The manufacturers of St. Petersburg have made concessions to the strikers and contributed to the relief fund. The situation in Poland and other countries continues strained, and strikes are reported from Krakus and several other Siberian towns.

Cotton Ginned to January 16.

Washington, Special.—The census report of cotton ginned to January 16 in 695 counties shows 9,717,693 bales, counting half bales as round bales, compared with 7,168,381 bales for the same period last year. The quantity ginned in these counties between December 13 and January 16 is 494,944 running bales. To December 13, 1904, the remaining balance of unreported counties had ginned 2,748,738 counting round bales as half bales. Four hundred and seventy-seven ginneries refused to report. The quantity previously returned by these has been brought forward in this report without addition. The total amount brought forward is 134,111 running bales.

Will Co-operate With Growers.

Little Rock, Ark., Special.—A member of the executive committee of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association sent the following message to President Harvey Jordan: "After conference with H. B. Sherman, national organizer of the American Society of Equity, and the deputy State organizer in that city in convention here, the heavy and full co-operation of the A. S. of E. of Arkansas, with the Southern Cotton Growers' Association has been secured."

Fatal Fight Over Land Line.

Abbeville, Ga., Special.—One person was killed and five wounded as the result of a dispute over a land line near Rhine, seven miles west of this place Tuesday evening. The dead man is W. P. Livingston, bailiff. Wounded: M. A. Burham, W. B. Bryant, W. T. Bryant, Tom Coffee and Mrs. Georgia Ray.

Livingston and one of the Bryants is reported seriously wounded. Burham met Bryant the next day and thrashed him.

Nominations Sent to Senate.

Washington, Special.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: Consuls—James C. Kellogg, Louisville, Ky.; John P. Little, Oklahoma; S. S. Kidd, Florida; at Nanking, China.

Register of Land Office—Walter L. Cohen, at New Orleans.

Postmasters—James A. Deffen, Rockmart, Ga.; James A. Davidson, Blacksville, S. C.; John P. Little, Oklahoma; S. S. Kidd, Florida; at Nanking, China.

OUR NATIONAL LAWMAKERS

The Senate and House Regularly at Work—What They are Doing.

The agricultural appropriation bill was considered in the House, but the debate turned principally on the topic of restricting the railroads in the matter of freight rates. As if impatient to deal with the subject, the Hepburn bill, although not before the House, and which probably will not be for several days, formed the basis of the discussion. A feature of the debate was the statement by Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, who said that on the subject of revision of rates the Democratic party was committed without addition or subtraction to the recommendations of President Roosevelt in his recent message. The Democrats, he said, were glad to have the President's views, "because it was Democratic doctrine." It ought, he said, to be American doctrine, and he said he was only too glad to have the President's views. He was an American, not a Republican or Democrat. "We will, to mark his tracks on this subject," declared Mr. Williams, amid great applause, "and," he continued, facing the Republican side, "we will call on you as American citizens to help us to mark them."

Mr. Williams later asserted it as his belief that railroad influences were felt in the Senate at the same time the so-called Cullum bill, establishing the Interstate Commerce Commission, was substituted by the Senate conference for the so-called Reagan bill. The latter bill, he declared, would have fulfilled the requirements.

Mr. Bell, of California, asserted that the Cullum bill was so worded as to be indefinite as to what constituted a reasonable rate.

Consideration of the agricultural bill had not been concluded when the House adjourned.

Agricultural Bill Passes House.

The House Friday passed the agricultural appropriation bill without material amendment. During its consideration the usual discussion of the provision for free seed distribution was indulged in. Mr. Lilly, of Connecticut, characterizing it as a petty concern.

Mr. Bell, of North Carolina, wanted the appropriation increased to \$400,000 and offered an amendment to that effect at the same time remarking that it would cost more than that to inaugurate President Roosevelt.

The present system of the Agricultural Department in publishing cotton reports was denounced by Mr. Livingston, of Georgia, as damnable and shameful, and he pleaded for some one to submit an amendment requiring that the reports shall be published every two weeks, in order to stop gambling in cotton. He would, he said, have offered such an amendment himself had he not been "thrown down and turned on his back" when he brought in a resolution of the same character some time ago.

Eulogies upon the character of the late Senator George F. P. Maschschieski, practically all of the time of the session, are being made by the members of the House, including Mr. Crandall, of New York. After the conclusion of the memorial services, the Senate adjourned out of respect to the dead Senator's memory. Among the speakers were Messrs. Daniel, Bacon and Cockrell.

Mr. Pettus took occasion to speak especially of Senator Hoar's fairness to the South in the period succeeding the war, saying: "He was throughout it all a man of infinite compassion, of comprehensive sympathies, of noble and unselfish impulses. He was a partisan without fanaticism, a partisan without bitterness, a friend without reservations and conditions, a conqueror without vengeance, a loser without resentment."

Charge Against Catholics.

Sensational disclosures in relation to the alleged use of Indian trust funds for the support of sectarian schools were made by Senator Bard, in a statement to the Senate committee on Indian Affairs. Senator Bard addressed the committee after the statement had been made by S. M. Brosius, agent for the Indian Rights' Association, and Francis E. Lupp, commissioner of Indian Affairs. Senator Bard addressed the committee after the statement had been made by S. M. Brosius, agent for the Indian Rights' Association, and Francis E. Lupp, commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Senator Teller said that if it was proven that the statement of S. M. Brosius was made in earnest, then there was more cause to complain of the interference of the Catholic Church than the Mormon Church in political affairs of the country.

Gen. Miles and President Davis.

The treatment of General Nelson A. Miles of Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederacy, during the time he was a prisoner at Fortress Monroe, Va., was recalled in the House when Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, the minority leader, tried to secure the adoption of the Senate amendment to the House provision regarding retired officers serving with the State militia. Messrs. Hull, of Iowa, and Hay, of Virginia, both members of the military affairs committee, endorsed the House provision, making it retroactive. The latter declared it was Democratic doctrine to save money and for that reason called upon the Democrats to stand by the provision. Mr. Williams under oath and in the presence of the Senate, which does not make the law concerning retired officers retroactive, was lost—71 to 171. The bill then was sent to conference.

The postoffice appropriation bill was debated for an hour, but its consideration had not been concluded when the House adjourned.

Favor Corporation Reports.

Washington, Special.—The House committee on the judiciary authorized a favorable report on a bill requiring all corporations engaged in interstate commerce to make annual reports to the Commissioner of Corporations and Labor. The information is to contain the amount and value of stocks, bonds and property constituting capitalization, elements upon which the market value is fixed, and earning capacity. The bill is to be made retroactive and is to have a restraining order from enforcement in business until the return is made.

PALMETTO AFFAIRS

Many Newsy Items Gathered From All Sections.

General Cotton Market.

Middling.

Galveston, firm 7 3-16

New Orleans, firm 7 1-8

Mobile, firm 7 1-8

Charleston, steady 7 1-8

Wilmington, steady 6 3-4

Cork, steady 7 1-8

Galveston, nominal 7 1-8

New York, quiet 7 1-8

Philadelphia, steady 7 1-8

Houston, steady 7 3-16

Memphis, steady 7 3-16

St. Louis, firm 7 1-8

Louisville, firm 7 1-8

No Compulsory Education.

The house by a decisive vote killed the compulsory education bill. While hours have been spent in debate on other matters of far less serious import, the members of the house seemed unwilling to discuss this measure. In less than an hour it was numbered among the good which lie buried in the archives of the house. Those who voted in favor of striking out the bill, acting clubs and think to kill the bill—were: Speaker Smith and Representatives Ardrey, Ashby, Baker, Ballentine, Banks, Beangard, Bradham, Brant, Brantley, Browning, Callison, Clifton, Cook, Colcock, Cochran, Dukes, Earhardt, Epling, L. B. Etheredge, E. J. Etheredge, Faust, Ford, Foster, Fraser, Gause, Graham, D. J. Green, Hamlin, Harbison, Harley, McPhillips, J. B. Herbert, Higgins, Kilven, LaFitte, Laney, Lawson, Lester, Lomax, McCants, Massey, Miller, Morrison, Nance, Parker, Phibbs, Pratt, Rawlins, Richardson, Seabrook, Sheldon, Stoll, Strong, Tribble, Verner, J. Watson, Webb, Whitley and Wimberly. Those who favored the bill and voted nay on the motion were: Messrs. Arnold, Bass, Biles, Bruce, Culler, Davis, DesChamps, DeVore, Edwards, Frost, Gaston, J. P. Gibson, W. J. Gibson, Gray, W. McD. Green, Gyles, Hall, D. O. Herbert, Heyward, Hutto, Keenan, Kirby, Little, Lyon, McColl, McFaddin, McMaster, Laban Matlida, T. J. Mauldin, Moses, Nicholson, Otis, Patterson, Pittman, Pollock, Poston, Riley, Sanders, Sellers, Sinker, Spivey, Taylor, Toole, Turner, M. W. Walker, J. M. Walker, and Yeldell.

Killing Near Honea Path.

Greenville, Special.—Sheriff Gilreath was notified that a mail had been killed in the Princeton neighborhood during Thursday night. He at once dispatched deputy Sheriff Bailey to the scene of the crime. The murder occurred about one-half mile from Princeton and nine and a half miles from Momea Path. Dennis Wood, a white man, tenant on a farm, killed his wife, who was said to have been half-wild. It is said that Wood beat her first and then shot her, the woman only living a few minutes. The couple have four or five children. The tragedy occurred at 4 o'clock. The man was arrested and is now in the Greenville county jail.

Burned to Death.

Aiken, Special.—A telegram was received here stating that Mr. George P. Ashley was burned to death in the office car attached to the railroad camp of W. J. Oliver & Co. at Wyckoff, Tenn., at 2:30 o'clock Thursday morning. Ashley is an Aiken boy, about 27 years of age, a son of Mrs. J. Ashley and a brother of Miss Annabelle Ashley and Mr. Charles Ashley, now a student at South Carolina college. Mr. George Oliver & Co., a cotton seed and meal and other fertilizers, and they cannot afford for a single season to pass without a plant in operation here. The new building and equipment will probably be much larger and more modern than the old one.

South Carolina Items.

At the next term of the court of general sessions of Horry county, which convenes on Monday, William T. Bell will be tried for the murder of Mollie C. Bell on Tuesday, November 1, last year, in Bayboro township, near Zoan postoffice. George C. Bell, Julius Waterman Bell, C. B. Van Bullock and James M. Bell will be tried at the same time as accessories to the crime. William T. Bell and George C. Bell are in the county jail. William is held with \$3,000 and he was unable to get bonds. Julius Waterman and James M. Bell are out on bail in the sum of \$1,000 each. C. B. Van Bullock is also out on \$500 bond.

Dougan & Scheffall and Solomon Scheffall, wholesale merchants of Savannah, have purchased the White Stone Lithia Springs property and will at once begin improvements and improvements looking toward the establishment of a modern tourist hotel in Spartanburg county. It is understood that the consideration was \$150,000.

It is probable that J. E. McDonald of Winnsboro will be appointed to act as special judge to preside over the regular term of criminal court which begins in the city next Monday.

Some Claims Approved.

About 100 claims were approved by the house, among them being the application for 25 newspapers for pay for advertising general election, these claims averaging about \$2.50; claims of sixteen members of State board of medical examiners, averaging \$25; and Dr. Mary R. Baker, \$100; and the claims of the following special judges: Ernest Moore, \$231.23; F. B. Gary, \$280.4; A. McCullough, \$189.44; E. G. Graydon, \$225.36; C. C. Featherstone, \$193.86; J. E. McDonald, \$192.91; J. E. McDonald, \$203.19; M. F. Angel, \$120.

PALMETTO LEGISLATURE

The House and Senate Getting Down to Solid Work.

A Lot of Business.

After disposing of the 33 third reading bills and 16 second reading bills, the Senate took up Senator Brown's bill to require all common carriers for hire to transport sheriffs, and their deputies free when on official business. Senator Raynor moved to strike out the enacting words, and Senator Brown spoke for his bill. He said that the railroads' large interest in the bill was the enforcement of the laws. It would be no hardship on the roads, for he was informed that previous to the free pass law every sheriff held a pass.

While having no interest in the bill, said Senator Raynor, he thought it wrong in principle, especially since the passage of the free pass bill. The railroads had made no objection to the bill, but the principle was wrong.

Senator C. B. Blaine offered an amendment providing that the short bill should not be brought up while traveling. This was adopted.

Senator Raynor said that no State officer should be carried free, that the bill was very instrumental in the apprehension of criminals, and that it was necessary.

"You might as well include livery stables," said Senator Blake, who opposed the bill.

Concrete instances in which the bill would be advantageous were given by Senator Wells. Opposition was made by Senator Black and Senator Hay, the chairman of the judiciary committee.

Senator Raynor renewed his motion to kill the bill, but no action was taken.

Besides Senator Brown's bill and the bill already spoken of there were 15 other bills which were disposed of. This makes a total, with the six special orders, of 65 entries on the calendar which lay on the desks yesterday morning.

Third Reading Bills.

The following are the third reading bills which were passed yesterday: Mr. W. J. Gibson's bill to increase salary of the county superintendents of education as follows: Spartanburg, \$1,000 to \$1,200; Lancaster, \$500 to \$600; Horry, \$300 to \$400; Georgetown, \$500 to \$600; Orangeburg, \$750 to \$850. Special committee's bill fixing time for holding court in the eighth circuit.

Mr. Clay's to make it a misdemeanor for a train or a person to obstruct a street or a road for more than five minutes.

Mr. Laney's to authorize Jefferson school district, in Chesterfield county to issue \$7,500 in bonds to build new school house.

Senator McGowan's to amend charter of Presbyterian College of South Carolina.

Mr. Morrison's to authorize school trustees of district No. 18 in Greenwood county to borrow money to pay past indebtedness.

Mr. DeVore's to exempt Edgefield from the act requiring county superintendents of education to establish school book repositories in each county.

Mr. Kirby's to provide for the maintenance of veterans and now living in this State.

Mr. Brice's to provide for expenditure of \$15,000 on new jail and repairs of court house at Newberry.

Mr. Gaston's to authorize Chester county to borrow \$75,000 pending valuation of bond issue.

Mr. D. L. Green's to place under the operation of the stock law Mote, Douglas, Moxon, Midway, Mt. Zion, New Zion, and Sandy Grove townships in Charleston.

Mr. Lyon's to require the secretary of state to make to controller general monthly report of receipts of his office and to turn over funds to State treasury.

Mr. Haskell's to make it a misdemeanor to place any explosive substance whatever upon the rails of any railroad in this State by any unauthorized persons.

A Busy Day in Legislature.

The South Carolina Legislature accomplished more Wednesday than any other day of the present session, which is over half gone, and there were some interesting debates on both sides of the capital.

In the House, Mr. Richards' bill setting aside 5 per cent. of the country's dispensary school fund to be drawn on to the extent of \$100 at the discretion of the county board of education for a new school building by a district that has raised \$300 by subscription or otherwise, was passed, after it was amended so as to make the amount to be raised \$100 and that to come out of the school fund.

The House was held up by this angle before the wheels became clogged again with the widow pension bill. It had to beat a retreat from this by referring the matter to a special committee, proceeding on the principle that he who fights and runs away is a hero.

The Senate, after virtually killing the Raynor compulsory education bill with amendments and by recommitting it by a vote of 20 to 15 plunged into a dispensary debate on the Hrice bill, a local option measure providing for voting out dispensaries by those communities opposed to them. After a vigorous speech from Senator Brice the discussion was adjourned. The Senate refused to tamper with the anti-free pass law killing by a decision of the bill by the decision of the graduation Commissioner Watson to travel on a pass. The mill-stone that proved the death of the bill was the rider compelling the roads to travel sheriffs free.

The Senate Friday took a fall out of the present dispensary arrangements with reference to the direction and

SOUTHERN BLIZZARD

The Land of Dixie Fast in the Grasp of the Ice King

Even Gulf Coast Frozen Hard

More or Less Complete Tie-Ups Are Reported from Louisville to New Orleans as a Result of the Three Days' Storm of Snow and Sleet.

Louisville, Ky., Special.—Telephone and telegraph service over a wide area of the South was almost completely crippled by heavy sleet Sunday. Railroad service also suffered, and in some towns the lighting and street car facilities were suspended. The tie-up was the most complete in many years, and although telegraph companies and railroads have large forces of men at work it may be two or three days before normal conditions prevail.

The storm which covered Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, and Georgia, had prevailed intermittently for three days, and the wires broke under the accumulated ice. Fall of snow and sleet, varying from one to three inches, extended as far north as Louisville.

For several hours Atlanta and New Orleans were cut off from the rest of the country. All wires were down from Memphis to Nashville and New Orleans, and the telegraph companies sent messages for those points to New York and down the coast, but even this service was interrupted for a time. Two hundred poles went down in the Mississippi. In Chattanooga the streets were filled with broken wire, and a fireman was killed by a live wire. The lighting and street car currents were turned off to avoid further danger to pedestrians and firemen.

Norfolk a City of Ice.

Norfolk, Va., Special.—Norfolk is a city of ice. The cold that has continued for several days has frozen every piece of water in this section, except the main harbor, and thousands of people have enjoyed good skating here for the first time in years. A drizzling rain froze as it fell and hundreds of people are skating in the west end of streets. Hospitals and police report a great number of injuries, due to falls. The sleet storm is general throughout this section and probably will ruin the growing crops on the big truck farms.

The third-masted schooner D. M. Anthony, ashore near False Cape, is in danger of going to pieces. She floated at high tide Saturday night, but when back on the shoals before a tug could reach her, and now it seems she will be a total loss.

Philadelphia Port Frozen.

Philadelphia, Special.—An almost

Manuel Garcia, the eminent teacher of singing and inventor of the laryngoscope, will celebrate his hundredth birthday on the 17th of next March.

Julius Verne, at the age of nearly three score years and ten, is still pouring forth fantastic wonder tales for French boys, his fifth published book having just been issued.

One of the thirteen Presidential electors of Indiana was vexed for a number of days by a heavy rain. Major Will Cumbuck, Isaac Jenkins and Colonel John W. Ray.

J. N. Tilton, a merchant of Bozeman, Mont., left in a will that was probated recently the income of his estate for the celebration of Fourth of July, with fireworks, flags and bunting.

The most popular fiction writer in England is not Mr. Hall Caine or Miss Marie Corelli, but Mr. Silas K. Hocking, once a Methodist minister in Lincolnshire. The sale of his books is said to have "outlasted more than those of any other living writer."

FEMININE FANCIES.

The Baroness Burdett-Coutts, now over ninety years old, is still in excellent health.

It is said that Mrs. Astor were nearly 300,000 worth of diamonds at a ball recently given by her.

Miss Ella M. Nelson is a driver on Route 3 of the rural delivery from the Pittsfield, Mo. office.

Miss Clara Melvin, of Pilot Oak, Mo., wears the distinction of being the only female blacksmith on record.

Anna Werner, eighty-one years old, has served four generations of the Schrab family, living near Cologne, S. Colk.

Miss Alice M. Robertson has just been appointed assistant at Muskogee, the most important town in the Indian Territory.

The Queen of Portugal is an expert physician, and has raised her amusement to the dignity of a profession. She is said to be the busiest woman in Europe.

More than 8000 women are employed in the various Government offices in Washington, 2044 of whom have entered the service after competitive examination.

No woman not a professional musician has ever played so important a part in musical history as Frau Cosima Wagner, the daughter of Liszt and the wife of Wagner.

Just across lots from Senator Knox's state, out at Valley Forge, there lives young woman, Miss Ella W. Fredericks, who manages a fifty acre farm a way that has won for her the love and admiration of all her neighbors.

Mrs. Carrie Davidson, daughter of the late Darius J. Davidson, of Detroit, who is just been appointed Clerk of the United States District Court, at Detroit, Mich., is the only woman in the United States honored with such an

THE KAFFIR AND HIS SNUFF.

Etiquette That Had Origin In Self-Protection.

In South Africa, amongst the Kaffirs snuff taking is universal, and it is a grave breach of manners to ask your host for a pinch when you are standing up.

The reason for this is found in the treacherous practices of former times. When one man wished to kill another a favorite device was to ask him for a pinch of snuff, and then, while the unsuspecting victim was fumbling for his snuff box the murderer had a splendid opportunity. As this trick for taking a man at a disadvantage became familiar, it naturally grew to be a point of good manners to make your request when squatting on the ground, when clearly you were intending no evil.

The Kaffir snuff is made from crude tobacco, grown at every kraal, which is powdered up and mixed with the ash of the aloes, carefully ground on a stone and damped. It is always etiquette to ask for snuff, and the donor grants your request grudgingly, lest he should be suspected of pressing upon you bewitching medicine with it.

Among the advertisements in a recent number of a Munich journal was this: "Wanted: A second-hand grave."

Master of Dreams.

"Behold, I dreamer, cometh. They stripped me bare and left me by the wayside. They gave me a lonely land. They gave me to night-frosts and burning day. To griefs none understand. They took my silver from me and my gold. The changing splendors of my rich array. Night's silver rain of dew escaped their hold. And the fine gold of day. On the world's highway in vain pomp they tread. By paths unknown I stray and hidden streams. They took all else and left me there for dead. They could not take my dreams. Still, morning comes with marvel as of old. Still in soft rose descends the evening tide. Still in the castle of my heart, grown bold. The sweet-swift thoughts abide. Pass by, pass by, O clamorous folk and wild. To the last fortress of the soul I cling. Men gaze at me winter weather from a child. But God has given me spring. —Robin Flower in Spectator.

THE NATIONAL BANK

OF AUGUSTA, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA. L. C. FAYNE, President. CAPITAL, \$250,000. Surplus & Profits, \$140,000. We shall be pleased to have you open an account with this Bank. Customers and correspondents assured of every attention and accommodation possible, under conservative, modern banking methods.

Whitman's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets Etc. The finest line of Trunks, Satchels, Traveling Bags and suit cases in the city.

Masury's House Paints. A full line of all colors always in stock.

H. H. COSKERY, 749-751 Broadway, Augusta, Ga.

W. J. Rutherford & Co. MANUFACTURERS OF Bricks and Lime.

write Us For Prices. Corner Reynolds and Washington Streets, Augusta, Georgia.

THIS SPACE IS TAKEN BY The Leading Grocers of Augusta, Ga., ARRINGTON BROS. COMPANY, 839 Broad

W. F. SAMPLE of Saluda County and H. H. SCOTT, JR., of Edgefield County are with us and want to see you.

Wagons Buggies FURNITURE. Large Shipments of the best makes of wagons and buggies just received. Our stock of furniture and house furnishings is complete. A Large stock.

COFFINS and CASKETS. always on hand. All calls for our Hearse promptly responded to. All goods sold on a small margin of profit. Call to see me, I will save you money.

GEO. P. COBB. Johnston. South Carolina. WE HANDLE EVERYTHING IN THE BUILDING MATERIAL "PAROID ROOFING" "POTT'S OLD PROCESS TIN PLATE"

THE BUILDERS' SUPPLY CO.

917 Broad Street, AUGUSTA, GA. "ROYAL" BLUE FLAME STOVES.

MANTLES, TILE, GRATES, GUARDRAILS, TIN PLATE, SHINGLES, ASH DUMPS, HAIR, SASH, SPAK GUARDS, CRILING, WEATHER BOARDING, METAL SHINGLES, DEALING FELTS, BUILDING PAPERS, WEATHER STRIP, METAL LATHS, GUTTERING, "GAUGER" best white lime; Genuine "OLD DOMINION" cement; Cornice work a specialty. NEPONSER RED ROPE ROOFING. The best cheap roofing made. Agents Monahs (Acetylene) Gas Machines. Catalogue on application. The simplest and best machine on the market. Call and see it.

DIRECTORS. H. P. SHEWMAKE, JOHN T. SHEWMAKE, F. P. ELMORE.

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